



**DHANALAKSHMI SRINIVASAN**  
**INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**  
(Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University)  
NH - 45, Trichy - Chennai Trunk Road,  
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## COURSE PLAN

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Subject code: CS8603</b>              | <b>Branch/Year/Sem/Section: B.E CSE/III/VI</b> |
| <b>Subject Name: Distributed Systems</b> | <b>Batch: 2017-2021</b>                        |
| <b>Staff Name: Dr.H.ABDUL SHABEER</b>    | <b>Academic year: 2019-2020</b>                |

### COURSE OBJECTIVE

1. To understand the foundations of distributed systems.
2. To learn issues related to clock Synchronization and the need for global state in distributed systems.
3. To learn distributed mutual exclusion and deadlock detection algorithms.
4. To understand the significance of agreement, fault tolerance and recovery protocols in Distributed Systems.
5. To learn the characteristics of peer-to-peer and distributed shared memory systems

### TEXT BOOK:

T1. Kshemkalyani, Ajay D., and Mukesh Singhal. Distributed computing: principles, algorithms, and systems. Cambridge University Press, 2011

T2. George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore and Tim Kindberg, –Distributed Systems Concepts and Design||, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, 2012

### REFERENCES:

R1. Pradeep K Sinha, “Distributed Operating Systems: Concepts and Design”, Prentice Hall of India, 2007.

R2. Mukesh Singhal and Niranjana G. Shivaratri. Advanced concepts in operating systems. McGraw-Hill, Inc., 1994.

R3. Tanenbaum A.S., Van Steen M., –Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms||, Pearson Education, 2007

R4. Liu M.L., –Distributed Computing, Principles and Applications||, Pearson Education, 2004.

R5. Nancy A Lynch, –Distributed Algorithms||, Morgan Kaufman Publishers, USA, 2003.

### WEB RESOURCES

W1: <http://nptel.ac.in>.

W2: <http://www.cdk5.net/wp/references>

### TEACHING METHODOLOGIES:

- BB - BLACK BOARD
- VIDEO - VIDEO TUTORIAL
- PPT - POWER POINT PRESENTATION



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## DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

CS8603

DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS

L T P C

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### UNIT I

### INTRODUCTION

9

Introduction: Definition –Relation to computer system components –Motivation –Relation to parallel systems – Message-passing systems versus shared memory systems –Primitives for distributed communication –Synchronous versus asynchronous executions –Design issues and challenges. A model of distributed computations: A distributed program –A model of distributed executions –Models of communication networks –Global state – Cuts –Past and future cones of an event –Models of process communications. Logical Time: A framework for a system of logical clocks –Scalar time –Vector time – Physical clock synchronization: NTP.

### UNIT II

### MESSAGE ORDERING & SNAPSHOTS

9

Message ordering and group communication: Message ordering paradigms –Asynchronous execution with synchronous communication –Synchronous program order on an asynchronous system –Group communication – Causal order (CO) - Total order. Global state and snapshot recording algorithms: Introduction –System model and definitions –Snapshot algorithms for FIFO channels

### UNIT III

### DISTRIBUTED MUTEX & DEADLOCK

9

Distributed mutual exclusion algorithms: Introduction – Preliminaries – Lamport's algorithm – Ricart-Agrawala algorithm – Maekawa's algorithm – Suzuki-Kasami's broadcast algorithm. Deadlock detection in distributed systems: Introduction – System model – Preliminaries – Models of deadlocks – Knapp's classification – Algorithms for the single resource model, the AND model and the OR model.

### UNIT IV

### RECOVERY & CONSENSUS

9

Checkpointing and rollback recovery: Introduction – Background and definitions – Issues in failure recovery – Checkpoint-based recovery – Log-based rollback recovery – Coordinated checkpointing algorithm – Algorithm for asynchronous checkpointing and recovery. Consensus and agreement algorithms: Problem definition – Overview of results – Agreement in a failure – free system – Agreement in synchronous systems with failures.

### UNIT V

### P2P & DISTRIBUTED SHARED MEMORY

9

Peer-to-peer computing and overlay graphs: Introduction – Data indexing and overlays – Chord – Content addressable networks – Tapestry. Distributed shared memory: Abstraction and advantages – Memory consistency models –Shared memory Mutual Exclusion.

**1. At the end of the course, the student will be able to:**

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| CO47.1  | Elucidate the foundations and issues of distributed systems                              |
| CO47.2  | Understand the various synchronization issues and global state for distributed systems.  |
| CO47.3  | Understand the Mutual Exclusion and Deadlock detection algorithms in distributed systems |
| CO47.4  | Describe the agreement protocols and fault tolerance mechanisms in distributed systems.  |
| CO 47.5 | Describe the features of peer  |

**2. Course Outcome (CO) Assessment:**

| CO  | Knowledge Level | Internal Test |   |   |
|-----|-----------------|---------------|---|---|
|     |                 | 1             | 2 | 3 |
| CO1 | K2              |               |   |   |
| CO2 | K2              |               |   |   |
| CO3 | K2              |               |   |   |
| CO4 | K2              |               |   |   |
| CO5 | K3              |               |   |   |
| CO6 | K2              |               |   |   |

**Cognitive Domain:**

K1- Remember; K2- Understand; K3-Apply; K4- Analyse;K5- Evaluate; K6-Create

**3. Programme Outcomes**

**Students graduating from Electrical and Electronics Engineering should be able to:**

|     |                                 |  |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|
| PO1 | Engineering knowledge           | Strong foundation in core Computer Science and Engineering, both theoretical and applied concepts  |
| PO2 | Problem analysis                | Identify, Formulate, Ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering to real-life problem solving and reaching validated conclusions related to computer science.   |
| PO3 | Design/development of solutions | Ability to analyze, design, model, and develop complex software and information management systems that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and Safety and the cultural societal and |

|      |  |   |
|------|--|---|
|      |  | environmental considerations.   |
| P04  | Conduct investigations of complex problems | Ability to use research- based knowledge and study methods including analysis, design , coding implementation, testing and interpretation of data, to provide valid Conclusions                                   |
| P05  | Modern tool usage                          | Convention of recent techniques, modern engineering and IT tools with an understanding of the limitations   |
| P06  | The engineer and society                   | Apply Reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the Computer Science and engineering Practice. |
| P07  | Environment and sustainability             | Understanding the impact of Computer Science and Engineering solutions in the societal and human context.   |
| P08  | Ethics                                     | Understand and apply professional ethical responsibility  |
| P09  | Individual and team work                   | Ability to function effectively within teams in Software projects.  |
| P010 | Communication                              | Ability to communicate effectively, both in writing and oral makes effective presentations to provide and obtain clear instructions   |
| P011 | Project management and finance             | Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multi-disciplinary environments.  |
| P012 | Life-long learning                         | Recognize the need for and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning.  |

#### 4. Programme Specific Outcomes

After the successful completion of the U.G. programme in Computer Science and Engineering, Graduates will be able to:

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| PS01: | Foundation of mathematical concepts: To use mathematical methodologies to crack problem using suitable mathematical analysis, data structure and suitable algorithm.                                   |
| PS02: | Foundation of Computer System: The ability to interpret the fundamental concepts, methodology of computer systems and to understand the functionality of hardware and software aspects.                |
| PS03: | Foundations of Software development: The ability to grasp the software development lifecycle and methodologies of software systems. Possess competent skills and knowledge of software design process. |

### 5. CO-PO Mapping Table:

| COs                     | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| <b>C01</b>              | 2    | 1    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -     | -     | -     | 2     | -     | -     |
| <b>C02</b>              | 2    | 1    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -     | -     | -     | 3     | -     | -     |
| <b>C03</b>              | 3    | 2    | 1    | 1    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -     | -     | -     | 3     | 2     | 2     |
| <b>C04</b>              | 3    | 2    | 1    | 1    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -     | -     | -     | 3     | 2     | 2     |
| <b>C05</b>              | 3    | 2    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -     | -     | -     | 3     | 2     | 2     |
| <b>Weighted average</b> | 3    | 2    | 1    | 1    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -    | -     | -     | -     | 3     | 2     | 2     |

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

| Topic No      | Topic Name   | Books For reference | Page No | Teaching Methodology | No of periods required | Cumulative periods |  |
|---------------|--|---------------------|---------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>UNIT I</b> |  | <b>INTRODUCTION</b> |         |                      |                        | <b>(9)</b>         |  |
| 1.            | Definition –Relation to computer system components   | T1                  | 1-4     | BB                   | 1                      | 1                  |  |
| 2.            | Motivation –Relation to parallel   | T1                  | 13-21   | BB                   | 1                      | 2                  |  |
| 3.            | Message-passing systems versus shared memory systems –Primitives for distributed communication | T1                  | 24-37   | BB                   | 1                      | 3                  |  |
| 4.            | Synchronous versus asynchronous executions – Design issues and challenges.                     | T1                  | 37-48   | BB                   | 1                      | 4                  |  |
| 5.            | A distributed program ,A model of distributed executions ,Models of communication networks     | T1                  | 48-58   | BB                   | 1                      | 5                  |  |
| 6.            | Global state – Cuts –Past and future cones of an event – Models of process communications      | T1                  | 58-67   | BB                   | 1                      | 6                  |  |
| 7.            | A framework for a system of logical clocks   | T1                  | 68-77   | BB                   | 1                      | 7                  |  |
| 8.            | Scalar time –Vector time   | T1                  | 78-84   | BB                   | 1                      | 8                  |  |
| 9.            | Physical clock synchronization: NTP.   | T1                  | 97-105  | BB                   | 1                      | 9                  |  |

**LEARNING OUTCOME:****At the end of unit , the students will be able to**

- Know the fundamentals of Distributed system.
- Understand the concept of message passing.
- Define the Distributed Computations.

**UNIT II MESSAGE ORDERING & SNAPSHOTS (9)**

|   |  |    |         |    |   |    |
|---|--|----|---------|----|---|----|
| 1 | Message ordering paradigms                                   | T1 | 121-127 | BB | 1 | 10 |
| 2 | Asynchronous execution with synchronous communication        | T1 | 128-135 | BB | 1 | 11 |
| 3 | Synchronous program order on an asynchronous system          | T1 | 136-142 | BB | 1 | 12 |
| 4 | Group communication  | T1 | 143-152 | BB | 1 | 13 |
| 5 | Causal order (CO)  | T1 | 153-160 | BB | 1 | 14 |
| 6 | Global state and snapshot recording algorithms: Introduction | T1 | 171-180 | BB | 1 | 15 |
| 7 | System model and definitions                                 | T1 | 182-187 | BB | 1 | 16 |
| 8 | Total order  | T1 | 188-195 | BB | 1 | 17 |
| 9 | Snapshot algorithms for FIFO channels                        | T1 | 196-199 | BB | 1 | 18 |

**LEARNING OUTCOME:****At the end of unit , the students will be able to**

- Understand the concept of message ordering
- Define Casual order
- Gain the knowledge about Snapshot

**UNIT - III DISTRIBUTED MUTEX & DEADLOCK**

|   |  |    |         |    |   |    |
|---|--|----|---------|----|---|----|
| 1 | Distributed mutual exclusion algorithms: Introduction      | T1 | 205-209 | BB | 1 | 19 |
| 2 | Preliminaries – Lamport’s algorithm                        | T1 | 300-302 | BB | 1 | 20 |
| 3 | Ricart-Agrawala algorithm                                  | T1 | 303-305 | BB | 1 | 21 |
| 4 | Maekawa’s algorithm – Suzuki-Kasami’s broadcast algorithm. | T1 | 306-308 | BB | 1 | 22 |
| 5 | Deadlock detection in distributed                          | T1 | 309-315 | BB | 1 | 23 |

|   |  |    |         |    |   |    |
|---|--|----|---------|----|---|----|
| 6 | System model – Preliminaries                 | T1 | 316-319 | BB | 1 | 24 |
| 7 | Models of deadlocks – Knapp’s classification | T1 | 320-328 | BB | 1 | 25 |
| 8 | Algorithms for the single resource model     | T1 | 329-335 | BB | 1 | 26 |
| 9 | the AND model and the OR model               | T1 | 355-365 | BB | 1 | 27 |

**LEARNING OUTCOME:**

**At the end of unit , the students will be able to**

- Understand the concept of mutual algorithm.
- Gain knowledge about Deadlock.
- Define Distributed Mutex.

**UNIT IV RECOVERY & CONSENSUS (9)**

|   |   |    |         |    |   |    |
|---|---|----|---------|----|---|----|
| 1 | Checkpointing and rollback recovery: Introduction             | T1 | 366-371 | BB | 1 | 28 |
| 2 | Background and definitions – Issues in failure recovery       | T1 | 371-375 | BB | 1 | 29 |
| 3 | Checkpoint-based recovery – Log-based rollback recovery       | T1 | 376-384 | BB | 1 | 30 |
| 4 | Coordinated checkpointing algorithm                           | T1 | 385-387 | BB | 1 | 31 |
| 5 | Algorithm for asynchronous checkpointing and recovery.        | W1 | ....    | BB | 1 | 32 |
| 6 | Consensus and agreement algorithms: Problem definition        | W1 | ....    | BB | 1 | 33 |
| 7 | Overview of results   | W1 | ....    | BB | 1 | 34 |
| 8 | Agreement in a failure  | W1 | ....    | BB | 1 | 35 |
| 9 | free system – Agreement in synchronous systems with failures. | W1 | ....    | BB | 1 | 36 |

**LEARNING OUTCOME:**

**At the end of unit , the students will be able to**

- Understand the concept of failure recovery.
- Known about consensus.

**UNIT V P2P & DISTRIBUTED SHARED MEMORY**

|   |   |    |         |    |   |    |
|---|---|----|---------|----|---|----|
| 1 | Peer-to-peer computing and overlay graphs: Introduction | T1 | 402-410 | BB | 1 | 37 |
| 2 | Data indexing and overlays                              | T1 | 415-418 | BB | 1 | 38 |
| 3 | Content addressable networks                            | T1 | 419-425 | BB | 1 | 39 |
| 4 | Tapestry.   | T1 | 426-430 | BB | 1 | 40 |



|   |                                |    |         |     |   |    |
|---|--------------------------------|----|---------|-----|---|----|
| 5 | Distributed shared memory      | W1 | ....    | BB  | 1 | 41 |
| 6 | Abstraction and advantages     | T1 | 452-460 | BB  | 1 | 42 |
| 7 | Memory consistency models      | W1 | ....    | PPT | 1 | 43 |
| 8 | Shared memory Mutual Exclusion | W2 | ....    | PPT | 1 | 44 |
| 9 | Chord                          | W1 | ....    | PPT | 1 | 45 |

**LEARNING OUTCOME:**

**At the end of unit , the students will be able to**

- Understand the concept of Distributed System.
- Known about P2P
- Gain knowledge about Distributed Shared memory

**COURSE OUTCOME**

**At the end of the course, the student should be able to:**

- ☑ Elucidate the foundations and issues of distributed systems
- ☑ Understand the various synchronization issues and global state for distributed systems.
- ☑ Understand the Mutual Exclusion and Deadlock detection algorithms in distributed systems
- ☑ Describe the agreement protocols and fault tolerance mechanisms in distributed systems. ☑ Describe the features of peer-to-peer and distributed shared memory systems

**CONTENT BEYOND THE SYLLABUS**

- Stream oriented Communication
- Hadoop Installation

**CONTINUES INTERNAL ASSESSMENT DETAILS**

| ASSESSMENT NUMBER | I   | II  | MODEL       |
|-------------------|---|---|-------------|
| (UNIT)            | (1 <sup>st</sup> & 2 <sup>nd</sup> units) | (3 <sup>rd</sup> & 4 <sup>th</sup> units) | (units 1-5) |

**ASSIGNMENT DETAILS**

| ASSIGNMENT NUMBER          | I   | II  | III         |
|----------------------------|---|---|-------------|
| TOPIC NUMBER FOR REFERENCE | (1 <sup>st</sup> & 2 <sup>nd</sup> units) | (3 <sup>rd</sup> & 4 <sup>th</sup> units) | (units 1-5) |
| DEAD LINE                  |   |   |             |

| ASSIGNMENT NUMBER | BATCH | DESCRIPTIVE QUESTIONS/TOPIC<br>(Minimum of 8 Pages)   |
|-------------------|-------|---|
| I                 | 1     | 1. Explain in detail about Message passing system<br>2. Explain in detail about Models of communication networks<br>3. Design issues and challenges |
| II                | 1     | 1. Ricart-Agrawala algorithm<br>2. Models of deadlocks<br>3. Distributed mutual exclusion algorithms  |



|            |   |  |
|------------|---|--|
| <b>III</b> | 1 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Peer-to-peer computing</li><li>2. Consensus and agreement algorithms</li><li>3. Distributed shared memory</li></ol> |
|------------|---|--|

**PREPARED BY**

**Mr.Dr.H.ABDUL SHABEER, AP/CSE**

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**HOD/CSE**

**APPROVED BY**

**PRINCIPAL**